

THE
NATIONAL REPUBLICAN
FOR 1881.

Prospectus.
The National Republican begins the new year under new management and with new material.

It will be a standard Republican journal.

It will be the best newspaper in the District of Columbia.

It will furnish during the sessions of Congress a satisfactory report of the proceedings, and will at all times give complete information of the official doings in all Departments of the Government.

It will give all interesting information that can be legitimately obtained concerning the intentions and policies of the ruling power.

In District affairs it will know only the best interests of the people upon whose favor it relies, and will at all times co-operate with progressive citizens, without regard to their political predilections, who have measures to propose and advance for the improvement of the National Capital.

It will furnish a daily record of all the interesting social events of the city, making its society department a special feature.

It will give telegraphic news from all parts of the world reached by the wires, and in its editorials and foreign, domestic, and city news will keep pace with the times.

THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN
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AMUSEMENTS.

FOUR'S OPERA-HOUSE—Juvenile Opera Company.
NATIONAL THEATRE—Gothic.
THEATRE COMIQUE—Ballets and Varieties.
COLUMBIAN AMUSEMENT—Theatricals of Art.
Admission free, except on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

WASHINGTON, D. C., APRIL 21, 1881.

Population of the National Capital...180,000.

The Paraphraser's Association of the country will please take notice that the bold, brave female lawyer of the National Capital has made application for the Brazilian mission.

Hon. F. W. Fritzsche, who represents the first district of the city of Berlin in the German Reichstag, will arrive in the city to-day. Mr. Fritzsche is a Socialist. He has been making a tour of this country and telling his countrymen here what liberty means under the rule of Bismarck in Germany.

THE UNEXPECTED—Scene: The egg-rolling machine. Policeman (excited)—"Hey! what are you doing there, you boys, throwing stones into the water! Do you want to kill all the fish?" Unanimous shout of youngsters in reply—"Yes, sir." Policeman draws his baton and charges.

THE REPUBLICAN carrier system, after the sea of troubles which engulfed it for a few days following a change of carriers, is now arranged and classified in a systematic manner, that insures an earlier and more prompt delivery than heretofore, and future regularity can be depended upon.

Mrs. LOCKWOOD is not afraid of yellow fever, centipedes, or "snails," and is willing to wait until the dead-lock is over for the Brazilian Mission. Secretary Blaine could go farther and fare worse in selecting a candidate for this important place. We are for Judge Lockwood first, last, and all the time.

A NEGRO, after his release from jail, occupies as high a position in his own estimation and in that of his friends as he did before he was imprisoned. A jail has no terrors for a negro child. Indeed, in cold weather, he comfortable temperature and "square meals" are rather an attraction than otherwise.—*Albany Gazette.*

But what effect does it have on the white man, or is the post only intended for the colored people? How is this? Let us have the facts.

Dr. Ores, of New York, is responsible for the statement that three cases of cholera have come under his treatment in that city very recently. But it may be that this statement is made in the interest of the street-cleaning bill now before the New York Legislature. The report is apt to occasion great alarm, but if it has the effect to hasten the cleaning up of that and other cities it will be of some use in a general way, at all events.

The rapid increase of subscribers to THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN, to an extent unprecedented in the history of Washington journalism, is a matter of congratulation to the new management, and is an evidence that the people of the National Capital are prompt to appreciate a live, brilliant, and interesting newspaper. The Republican circulates largely among the progressive inhabitants of the District, and is read by all classes of society.

We usually have reports at this season of the year that the peach crop will be a failure. But the possibility has better fortune this season than usual. The temperature last winter fell below what it has been within the memory of the oldest inhabitant, and it is stated that the vigor of the trees has been impaired. Last year the peach trees were in bloom as early as the 20th of March; but we have heard of no blossoms in this vicinity up to this time, a month later.

A LARGE part of London is now lighted by electric lights, and much satisfaction is expressed in its use in the great city. The effect is depressing on gas stocks. The various steamship companies are adopting the system on their wharves and steamers in London and New York. Mr. Edison, in a late lecture on the subject, claimed to be able to furnish light practically free of cost by conserving the force in excess of use in running machinery in the business districts of New York.

This system of consular reports, which was inaugurated by Mr. Evans, is to be continued by Secretary Blaine. This is an act to be highly commended, for these reports furnish important statistical information, which is of great value to our commercial interests. If a consul properly understands his duties he can, in his reports, which must, under the present arrangement, be furnished monthly, transmit reliable data concerning our trade with the country in which he is located, and point out in what way our exports can be increased.

The Dead-Lock Experiment.

If the dead-lock is but a forerunner of the tactics to be employed by the Bourbon Senators at the regular session, the country is in more peril than at any time since 1861. The Republican ventured the prediction recently that long before the expiration of the present Congress the line would be drawn in that body between the obstructionists and the anti-obstructionists. The action of the Democratic party in the last Congress, in attempting to compel the President's approval of repealing clauses passed as riders to appropriation bills, clearly proved that that party could attempt revolutionary things; and their subsequent retreat showed that they could back down. It is to be deplored that after the people had set the seal of their condemnation upon the course attempted by the force of public opinion, they should be again required to remain the same policy. But that public opinion is making itself heard. It is better that some time should be spent now in showing to the country the need of more discipline of the Democratic party than that next winter a dead-lock should begin when legislative matters are pressing for action. This appears to be the determination of the Republican Senators, all of whom are strengthened each day in their purpose to maintain the rule of the majority. The dead-lock experiment must be made to fail while it is being tried on a matter of minor importance.

The Danger of Fire.
The Post-Office Department narrowly escaped a conflagration yesterday morning which might have involved the loss of Government property and records which are beyond computation in point of value. From time to time alarms of this kind occur. They are warnings that should be heeded. The necessity for having an entirely fire-proof building or place for storing Government records is an imperative one, as every day adds to the risk and to the extent of possible loss. A suggestion reaches us which might be of value as a temporary expedient. It is proposed that a subterranean vault or series of vaults may be built for the purpose of filing away books and papers where they will be safe from such disasters. It is urged that this plan would involve very little cost to the Government, and would be entirely practical, and furnish absolute security, as each compartment could be shut off to itself with iron doors, and even should fire catch in one section it could be kept from extending to others. It is further pointed out that there are many records with which it is not desirable to number up the building to be erected for the purpose of storing valuable Government papers and books, and yet which should be saved for reference in case of need. Subterranean apartments would answer the purpose of storing these as well as any other method, and would certainly be of little expense.

While the Nihilists are threatening and plotting the assassination of the present Czar of Russia, with the evident intention of effecting his death, as they did that of his father, their proposed victim is vigorously addressing himself to the task of carrying out the policy left him as a legacy by his predecessor. Some little time prior to his being assassinated the late Czar had conferred a proposition, submitted by General Meikov, providing for the convocation of a committee of elected representatives for the consideration of state affairs; and had he lived the measure would, in all probability, have been eventually carried out by him. The new Czar, having asserted the majesty of the law and done justice to his father's memory by the prompt prosecution and execution of his murderers, has now taken the first step forward in his administration by declaring himself in favor of the proposed reform. At a recent council of his ministers the question came up for discussion, and, upon being put to vote, nine members voted in favor of it, five against it. The Emperor then stated that he agreed with the majority, and directed that an ukase be drawn up for promulgation. The question now is whether the people of Russia—the nobles on the one hand and the Nihilists upon the other—will permit even this well-intentioned measure to be carried into effect. The nobility, jealous of their hereditary rights, will many of them doubtless oppose it, because it tends to divest them of their power and prerogatives; and the Nihilists will oppose it for the reason that it does not go far enough. Between the two factions, and surrounded by dangers all the more harassing because unseen, the lot of the Emperor of all the Russias is far from being a happy one; and it will require a strong will and steady head and hand to steer the ship of state through the breakers of anarchy and discord threatening it, even if his life be spared by those thirsting for his blood.

A CERTAIN Democratic Senator who will leave for his home in a far distant State within the next forty-eight hours, not to return till next December, stated to a gentleman yesterday that unless the Republican would not be broken at the extra session, nor did he very much believe that it would be broken in December. Very well, then. If the minority intend to revolutionize the Government in order that the less may control the greater, we all should know it at once. They have tried to reach the same result in other days and in other ways, and have always been triumphantly met, as they will be again. They have always gone to the wall in such a contest, and in the present struggle they will not only go to the wall, but will be "pasted" to it so tight that they will wriggle loose "never more."

WHENEVER the Democratic party attempts to carry out a policy they invariably assert the people are behind them. The last election proved conclusively the truth of their oft-repeated declaration. The people were behind them—so close behind, indeed, that the kick they administered to the most respectable part of the Democratic anatomy landed the party outside both Houses of Congress and left it too mad to cry and too sore to sit down. To the Democrats who are at present checking public business by refusing to obey the will of a majority in the Senate we say, "The people are behind you." Their boot is lifted and rapidly approaching contact with the old familiar spot it knows so well by having so often visited.

This is the season of the year when the editor has his room cleaned, and the bones of young poets which have accumulated during the winter are carted away.

PERSONALITIES.

Mr. JOHN McKEE, of New York, is stopping at the McKees. Mr. McKEE will arrive in Washington on Saturday.

NEW INGENUITY delivers his new lecture in New York Sunday night.

THE Princeton College Base-Ball Club are quartered at the Arlington.

C. A. LOUGHERY, editor of the Tribune, Bismarck, Dakota, and Breter Major-General O. B. Wilcox, U. S. A., are in the city.

JOHN KELLY to Samuel J. Tilden: "I am not dead; have simply been sleeping. But don't you think I'd be handsomer if I were dead?"

Mr. J. E. TEMPLE, of Philadelphia, has just given \$25,000 to a bill subscription for a statue to General John E. Reynolds, who was killed at Gettysburg.

SENATOR J. H. SLATER, of Oregon, having secured a pair for the remainder of the session, proposed to resign himself from the Capitol City till next December.

It is said that Mrs. Abraham Lincoln will spend the summer in Pau, Southern France, where she has resided several years. She has not visited Washington since 1870.

VICTOR HUGO is to be honored by having the Avenue d'Orléans, in which he lives, called after him. He is the only foreigner to whom some other favorite of the city is substituted for him.

BISMARCK's physician has forbidden him to attend church, saying that he must devote all of Sunday to rest. This physician is overruled with practice, and is far on the high road to influence.

"THE other day Jay Gould sent his check to Colonel Tom Scott for \$2,000,000 in a letter." It may be regarded as eccentricity on our part, but we never send a check for \$2,000,000 in a letter. Never.—*Norfolk Herald.*

J. W. MACKAY, the California mining millionaire, accompanied by his wife, Countess Telfer, his brother-in-law, the Countess Telfer, and several other titled people, will make a tour of the Republic of Cuba.

Dr. JOHN L. GORDON, proprietor of the Mercer, District of Columbia, is sojourning in the city for a few days. Dr. Gordon has been spending the winter in Florida for the purpose of recuperating from the effects of his illness.

THERE is a horrible story about that Mrs. Parsons recently held her son-in-law on the head with a bottle of soda-water. I fancy that, in truth, this rumor comes of the fact that the son-in-law is the habit of drinking soda-water pretty constantly with brandy bottles.—*Correspondent Chicago Tribune.*

"FOREIGNER"—The last President of the United States was R. R. Hayes, of Fremont, Ohio. The present President of the United States is R. R. Hayes, of Fremont, Ohio. The next President of the United States will be, as it is understood that the other towns in Ohio have not agreed upon a man.

MR. EDWIN FLEMING, Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce, has been elected the editor of the Boston Herald.

THE Hon. THOMAS FRENCH, Commissioner of Railroads, and Mr. William F. McClenahan, chief of the Warrent Department, Secretary of the Treasury Department, left yesterday for the Pacific coast, where they will spend several weeks on their tour of inspection.

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THOMAS JEFFERSON.

He pronounced himself an infidel as a Methodist as a Unitarian.

A question has been raised of late as to Thomas Jefferson's religious views. There need be no question, for he has settled it himself. He was a Unitarian, or, as he chose to term it, a Methodist.

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The Ring Called the Solid South.

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Wanted—Help.

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WANTED—A RESPECTABLE, HEALTHY white woman as a nurse. Address: 141 Maryland street, near the Capitol.

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